# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

### **2024 REGULAR SESSION**

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Enrolled

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## Senate Bill 173

BY SENATORS PHILLIPS, TARR, OLIVERIO, SWOPE,

ROBERTS, HAMILTON, WOODRUM, AND STUART

[Passed March 7, 2024; in effect 90 days from

passage (June 5, 2024)]

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AN ACT to amend and reenact §17A-6A-3, §17A-6A-8a, §17A-6A-10, and §17A-6A9-18 of the
 Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating generally to new motor vehicle
 dealers, distributors, wholesalers, manufacturers, factory branches, and distributor
 branches; defining terms; clarifying a manufacturer's obligations for warranty and recall
 reimbursement to a new motor vehicle dealer; restricting manufacturer and distributor right
 of first refusal; identifying and clarifying unlawful and prohibited practices; and clarifying
 statutory authority of dealer data systems vendor agreements.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

## ARTICLE 6A. NEW MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS, DISTRIBUTORS, WHOLESALERS, AND MANUFACTURERS.

#### §17A-6A-3. Definitions.

For the purposes of this article, the words and phrases defined in this section have the
 meanings ascribed to them, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning.

(1) "Dealer agreement" means the franchise, agreement, or contract in writing between a
manufacturer, distributor, and a new motor vehicle dealer which purports to establish the legal
rights and obligations of the parties to the agreement or contract with regard to the operation and
business of a new motor vehicle dealer, including, but not limited to, the purchase, lease, or sale
of new motor vehicles, accessories, service, and sale of parts for motor vehicles where applicable.

8 (2) "Designated family member" means the spouse, child, grandchild, parent, brother, or 9 sister of a new motor vehicle dealer who is entitled to inherit the dealer's ownership interest in the 10 new motor vehicle dealership under the terms of the dealer's will, or who has otherwise been 11 designated in writing by a deceased dealer to succeed the deceased dealer in the new motor 12 vehicle dealership, or is entitled to inherit under the laws of intestate succession of this state. With 13 respect to an incapacitated new motor vehicle dealer, the term means the person appointed by a 14 court as the legal representative of the new motor vehicle dealer's property. The term also

15 includes the appointed and qualified personal representative and the testamentary trustee of a 16 deceased new motor vehicle dealer. However, the term means only that designated successor 17 nominated by the new motor vehicle dealer in a written document filed by the dealer with the 18 manufacturer or distributor, if a document is filed.

(3) "Distributor" means any person, resident, or nonresident who, in whole or in part, offers
for sale, sells, or distributes any new motor vehicle to a new motor vehicle dealer or who maintains
a factor representative, resident, or nonresident, or who controls any person, resident, or
nonresident who, in whole or in part, offers for sale, sells, or distributes any new motor vehicle to
a new motor vehicle dealer.

(4) "Established place of business" means a permanent, enclosed commercial building
located within this state easily accessible and open to the public at all reasonable times and at
which the business of a new motor vehicle dealer, including the display and repair of motor
vehicles, may be lawfully carried on in accordance with the terms of all applicable building codes,
zoning, and other land-use regulatory ordinances and as licensed by the Division of Motor
Vehicles.

30 (5) "Factory branch" means an office maintained by a manufacturer or distributor for the
31 purpose of selling or offering for sale vehicles to a distributor, wholesaler, or new motor vehicle
32 dealer, or for directing or supervising, in whole or in part, factory or distributor representatives.
33 The term includes any sales promotion organization maintained by a manufacturer or distributor
34 which is engaged in promoting the sale of a particular make of new motor vehicles in this state to
35 new motor vehicle dealers.

(6) "Factory representative" means an agent or employee of a manufacturer, distributor,
 or factory branch retained or employed for the purpose of making or promoting the sale of new
 motor vehicles or for supervising or contracting with new motor vehicle dealers or proposed motor
 vehicle dealers.

40 (7) "Good faith" means honesty in fact and the observation of reasonable commercial
41 standards of fair dealing in the trade.

42 (8) "Manufacturer" means any person who manufactures or assembles new motor 43 vehicles; or any distributor, factory branch, or factory representative and, in the case of a school 44 bus, truck tractor, road tractor, or truck as defined in §17A-1-1 *et seq.* of this code, also means a 45 person engaged in the business of manufacturing a school bus, truck tractor, road tractor or truck, 46 their engines, power trains, or rear axles, including when engines, power trains or rear axles are 47 not warranted by the final manufacturer or assembler, and any distributor, factory branch, or 48 representative.

(9) "Motor vehicle" means that term as defined in §17A-1-1 of this code, including a motorcycle, school bus, truck tractor, road tractor, truck, or recreational vehicle, all-terrain vehicle and utility terrain vehicle as defined in subsections (c), (d), (f), (h), (l), (nn) and (vv), respectively, of said section, but not including a farm tractor or farm equipment. The term "motor vehicle" also includes a school bus, truck tractor, road tractor, truck, its component parts, including, but not limited to, its engine, transmission, or rear axle manufactured for installation in a school bus, truck tractor, road tractor, or truck.

56 (10) "New motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle which is in the possession of the 57 manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler, or has been sold only to a new motor vehicle dealer and 58 on which the original title has not been issued from the new motor vehicle dealer.

(11) "New motor vehicle dealer" or "dealer" means a person who holds a dealer agreement granted by a manufacturer or distributor for the sale of its motor vehicles, who is engaged in the business of purchasing, selling, leasing, exchanging, or dealing in new motor vehicles, service of said vehicles, warranty work, and sale of parts who has an established place of business in this state and is licensed by the Division of Motor Vehicles.

64 (12) "The operation and business of a new motor vehicle dealer or dealership" includes 65 selling, leasing, exchanging, or otherwise conveying a new motor vehicle at retail and performing

warranty and recall work for a motor vehicle: *Provided*, That the provisions of this subdivision donot apply to over the air updates.

68 (13) "Person" means a natural person, partnership, corporation, association, trust, estate,69 or other legal entity.

70 (14) "Proposed new motor vehicle dealer" means a person who has an application 71 pending for a new dealer agreement with a manufacturer or distributor. "Proposed new motor 72 vehicle dealer" does not include a person whose dealer agreement is being renewed or continued. 73 (15) "Relevant market area" means the area located within a 20 air mile radius around an 74 existing same line-make new motor vehicle dealership: Provided, That a 15 mile relevant market 75 area as it existed prior to the effective date of this statute shall apply to any proposed new motor 76 vehicle dealership as to which a manufacturer or distributor and the proposed new motor vehicle 77 dealer have executed on or before the effective date of this statute a written agreement, including 78 a letter of intent, performance agreement, or commitment letter concerning the establishment of 79 the proposed new motor vehicle dealership.

#### §17A-6A-8a. Compensation to dealers for service rendered.

(a) Every motor vehicle manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler, factory branch or
 distributor branch, or officer, agent, or representative thereof, shall:

3 (1) Specify in writing to each of its dealers, the dealer's obligation for delivery, preparation,
4 warranty, and factory recall services on its products;

5 (2) Compensate the motor vehicle dealer for warranty and factory recall service required
of the dealer by the manufacturer, distributor or wholesaler, factory branch or distributor branch,
or officer, agent, or representative thereof;

8 (3) Provide the dealer the schedule of compensation, which shall be reasonable, to be 9 paid the dealer for parts, work, and service, including reasonable and adequate allowances for 10 diagnostic time, including time communicating with the manufacturer, necessary for a qualified 11 technician to perform the service, in connection with warranty and recall services and the time

12 allowance for the performance of the diagnosis, work, and service. If a disagreement arises 13 between the manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler, factory branch or distributor branch, and the 14 dealer about the time allowance for the performance of the diagnosis, work, or service, the dealer 15 shall submit a written request for modification of the time allowance, which shall be presumed 16 reasonable. A manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler, factory branch, or distributor branch shall 17 not unreasonably deny a written request submitted by a new motor vehicle dealer for modification 18 of a time allowance for a specific warranty repair, or a request submitted by a dealer for an 19 additional time allowance for either diagnostic or repair work on a specific vehicle covered under 20 warranty, provided the request includes any information and documentation reasonably required 21 by the manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler, factory branch, or distributor branch to assess the 22 merits of the request; and

(4) Provide compensation to a new motor vehicle dealer for assistance requested by a
retail buyer or lessee whose vehicle was subjected to an over-the-air or remote change, repair,
or update to any part, system, accessory, or function by the vehicle manufacturer or distributor,
and performed at the dealership to satisfy the customer.

27 (b) In no event may:

(1) The schedule of compensation fail to compensate the dealers for the diagnosis, work,
and services they are required to perform in connection with the dealer's delivery and preparation
obligations, or fail to adequately and fairly compensate the dealers for labor, time, or rate, parts,
and other expenses incurred by the dealer to perform under and comply with manufacturer's
warranty agreements and factory recalls;

(2) Any manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler, or representative thereof, pay its dealers
an amount of money for warranty or recall work that is less than that charged by the dealer to the
retail customers of the dealer for nonwarranty and nonrecall work of the like kind; and

36 (3) Any manufacturer, distributor, or wholesaler, or representative thereof, compensate
37 for warranty and recall work based on a flat-rate figure that is less than what the dealer charges
38 for retail work.

39 (c) It is a violation of this section for any manufacturer, distributor, wholesaler, or
40 representative to require any dealer to pay in any manner, surcharges, limited allocation, audits,
41 charge backs, or other retaliation if the dealer seeks to recover its nonwarranty retail rate for
42 warranty and recall work.

(d) The retail rate charged by the dealer for parts is established by the dealer submitting to the manufacturer or distributor 100 sequential nonwarranty customer-paid service repair orders that contain warranty-like parts or 90 consecutive days of nonwarranty customer-paid service repair orders that contain warranty-like parts covering repairs made no more than 180 days before the submission and declaring the average percentage markup. A dealer may decide to submit a single set of repair orders for the purpose of calculating both the labor rate and parts markup or submit separate sets of repair orders for a labor rate and parts markup calculation.

50 (e) The retail rate customarily charged by the dealer for labor rate shall be established 51 using the same process as provided under subsection (d) of this section and declaring the 52 average labor rate. The average labor rate shall be determined by dividing the amount of the 53 dealer's total labor sales by the number of total hours that generated those sales. If a labor rate 54 and parts markup rate are simultaneously declared by the dealer, the dealer may use the same 55 repair orders to complete each calculation as provided under subsection (d) of this section. A 56 reasonable allowance for labor for diagnostic time shall be either included in the manufacturer's 57 labor time allowance or listed as a separate compensable item. A dealer may request additional time allowance for either diagnostic or repair time for a specific repair. The request shall not be 58 59 unreasonably denied by the manufacturer.

60 (f) In calculating the retail rate customarily charged by the dealer for parts and labor, the61 following work may not be included in the calculation:

62 (1) Repairs for manufacturer or distributor special events, specials, or promotional
63 discounts for customer repairs;

64 (2) Parts sold at wholesale;

65 (3) Routine maintenance not covered under any retail customer warranty, including bulbs,
66 batteries, fluids, filters, and belts not provided in the course of repairs;

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(4) Nuts, bolts, fasteners, and similar items that do not have an individual part number;

68 (5) Tires; and

69 (6) Vehicle reconditioning.

70 (g) The average of the parts markup rates and labor rate is presumed to be reasonable 71 and goes into effect 30 days following the manufacturer's approval. A manufacturer or distributor 72 must approve or rebut the presumption by demonstrating that the submitted parts markup rate or 73 labor rate is: (1) Fraudulent or inaccurate; (2) not established in accordance with this section; or 74 (3) unreasonable in light of the practices of all other same line-make dealers in an economically 75 similar area of the state offering the same line-make vehicles, not later than 30 days after the 76 dealer's submission, or the dealer's submission shall be considered approved. If the average parts 77 markup rate or average labor rate is disputed by the manufacturer or distributor, the manufacturer 78 or distributor shall provide written notice to the new motor vehicle dealer stating the specific 79 reasons for the rebuttal, providing a full explanation of the reasons for the allegation, and providing a copy of all calculations used by the manufacturer or distributor in determining the manufacturer 80 81 or distributor's position. If the manufacturer's or distributor's objection is based on the accuracy or 82 reasonableness of the dealer's rate submission, the manufacturer or distributor shall propose an adjustment of the average percentage parts markup or labor rate based on that rebuttal not later 83 than 30 days after the dealer's submission. If the dealer does not agree with the manufacturer's 84 proposed average percentage parts markup or labor rate, the dealer may file a civil action in the 85 circuit court for the county in which it operates not later than 90 days after dealer's receipt of the 86 written notice of rebuttal or adjustment by the manufacturer or distributor. In the event a civil action 87

is filed, the manufacturer or distributor has the burden of proof to establish, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the dealer's submitted parts markup rate or labor rate was fraudulent, inaccurate, not established in accordance with this section, or is unreasonable in light of the practices of all other same line-make dealers in an economically similar area of the state offering the same line-make vehicles.

(h) Each manufacturer, in establishing a schedule of compensation for warranty work,
shall rely on the dealer's declaration of hourly labor rates and parts as stated in subsections (d),
(e), and (f) of this section and may not obligate any dealer to engage in unduly burdensome or
time-consuming documentation of rates or parts, including obligating dealers to engage in
transaction-by-transaction or part-by-part calculations.

98 (i) A dealer or manufacturer may demand that the average parts markup or average labor 99 rate be calculated using the process provided under subsections (d) and (e) of this section; 100 however, the demand for the average parts markup may not be made within 12 months of the last 101 parts markup declaration and the demand for the average labor rate may not be made within 12 102 months of the last labor rate declaration. If a parts markup or labor rate is demanded by the dealer 103 or manufacturer, the dealer shall determine the repair orders to be included in the calculation 104 under subsections (d) and (e) of this section.

105 (i) As it applies to a school bus, truck tractor, road tractor, and truck as defined in §17A-106 1-1 of this code, with a gross vehicle weight in excess of 26,001 pounds, the manufacturer, 107 distributor and/or original equipment manufacturer supplier shall pay the dealer its incurred actual 108 time at the retail labor rate for retrieving a motor vehicle and returning a motor vehicle to the 109 dealer's designated parking area. The dealer shall be paid \$50 minimum for each operation that 110 requires the use of each electronic tool (i.e. laptop computer). The manufacturer or distributor 111 may not reduce what is paid to a dealer for this retrieval or return time, or for the electronic tool 112 charge. The dealer is allowed to add to a completed warranty repair order three hours for every 24 hours the manufacturer, distributor, and/or original equipment manufacturer supplier makes 113

the dealer stop working on a vehicle while the manufacturer, distributor, and/or original equipment
manufacturer supplier decides how it wants the dealer to proceed with the repairs.

116 (k) All claims made by dealers pursuant to this section for compensation for delivery, 117 preparation, warranty, and recall work, including labor, parts, and other expenses, shall be paid 118 by the manufacturer within 30 days after approval and shall be approved or disapproved by the 119 manufacturer within 30 days after receipt. When any claim is disapproved, the dealer shall be 120 notified in writing of the grounds for disapproval. A claim which has been approved and paid may 121 not be charged back to the dealer unless it can be shown that the claim was false or fraudulent, 122 that the repairs were not properly made or were unnecessary to correct the defective condition. 123 or the dealer failed to reasonably substantiate the claim in accordance with the reasonable written 124 requirements of the manufacturer or distributor in effect at the time the claim arose. Charge back 125 may not be made until the dealer has had notice and an opportunity to support the claim in 126 question. An otherwise valid reimbursement claim may not be denied once properly submitted 127 within manufacturers' submission guidelines due to a clerical error or omission, a dealer's 128 incidental failure to comply with a specific non-material claim processing requirement or 129 administrative technicality, or based on a different level of technician technical certification or the 130 dealer's failure to subscribe to any manufacturer's computerized training programs. The dealer 131 has 30 days to respond to any audit by a manufacturer or distributor.

132 (I) Notwithstanding the terms of a dealer agreement or provision of law in conflict with this section, the dealer's delivery, preparation, warranty, and recall obligations constitute the dealer's 133 134 sole responsibility for product liability between the dealer and manufacturer. Except for a loss caused by the dealer's failure to adhere to the obligations or a loss caused by the dealer's 135 negligence or intentional misconduct or a loss caused by the dealer's modification of a product 136 without manufacturer authorization, the manufacturer shall reimburse the dealer for all loss 137 incurred by the dealer, including legal fees, court costs, and damages, as a result of the dealer 138 having been named a party in a product liability action. 139

(m) When calculating the compensation that must be provided to a new motor vehicle
dealer for labor and parts used to fulfill a warranty and recall obligations under this section, all of
the following apply:

(1) The manufacturer shall use time allowances for the diagnosis and performance of the
warranty and recall work and services that are reasonable and adequate for the work or services
to be performed by a qualified technician.

(2) At the request of the dealer, the manufacturer shall use any retail labor rate and any
retail parts markup percentage established in accordance with this section in calculating the
compensation;

(3) If the manufacturer provided a part or component to the dealer at no cost to use in performing repairs under a recall, campaign service action, or warranty repair, the manufacturer shall provide to the dealer an amount equal to the retail parts markup for that part or component, which shall be calculated by multiplying the dealer cost for the part or component as listed in the manufacturer's price schedule by the retail parts markup percentage; and

(4) A manufacturer shall not assess penalties, surcharges, or similar costs to a dealer, transfer or shift any costs to a dealer, limit allocation of vehicles or parts to a dealer, or otherwise take retaliatory action against a dealer based on any dealer's exercise of its rights under this section. This section does not prohibit a manufacturer or distributor from increasing the price of a vehicle or part in the ordinary course of business.

#### §17A-6A-10. Prohibited practices.

(a) A manufacturer or distributor may not require any dealer in this state to do any of the
 following:

3 (1) Order or accept delivery of any new motor vehicle, part or accessory of the vehicle,
4 equipment, or any other commodity not required by law which was not voluntarily ordered by the
5 dealer. This section does not prevent the manufacturer or distributor from requiring that dealers
6 carry a reasonable inventory of models offered for sale by the manufacturer or distributor;

7 (2) Order or accept delivery of any new motor vehicle with special features, accessories,
8 or equipment not included in the list price of the new motor vehicle as publicly advertised by the
9 manufacturer or distributor;

(3) Unreasonably participate monetarily in any advertising campaign or contest, or
 purchase any promotional materials, display devices, display decorations, brand signs and dealer
 identification, nondiagnostic computer equipment and displays, or other materials at the expense
 of the dealer;

(4) Enter into any agreement with the manufacturer or distributor or do any other act prejudicial to the dealer by threatening to terminate a dealer agreement, limit inventory, invoke sales and service warranty, or other types of audits or any contractual agreement or understanding existing between the dealer and the manufacturer or distributor, or any manufacturer or distributor's required or designated vendor or supplier. Notice in good faith to any dealer of the dealer's violation of any terms or provisions of the dealer agreement is not a violation of this article;

(5) Change the capital structure or financial requirements of the new motor vehicle dealership without reasonable business justification in light of the dealer's market, historical performance, and compliance with prior capital structure or financial requirements and business necessity, or the means by or through which the dealer finances the operation of the dealership if the dealership at all times meets any reasonable capital standards determined by the manufacturer in accordance with uniformly applied criteria. The burden of proof is on the manufacturer to prove business justification by a preponderance of the evidence;

(6) Refrain from participation in the management of, investment in, or the acquisition of
any other line of new motor vehicle or related products: *Provided*, That the dealer maintains a
reasonable line of credit for each make or line of vehicle, remains in compliance with reasonable
facilities requirements, and makes no change in the principal management of the dealer.
Notwithstanding the terms of any dealer agreement, a manufacturer or distributor may not enforce

any requirements, including facility or image requirements, that a dealer establish or maintain exclusive facilities, personnel, or display space, when the requirements are unreasonable considering current economic conditions and are not otherwise justified by reasonable business considerations. The burden of proving that current economic conditions or reasonable business considerations justify such actions is on the manufacturer or distributor and must be proven by a preponderance of the evidence;

39 (7) Change the location of the new motor vehicle dealership or make any substantial
40 alterations to the dealership premises, where to do so would be unreasonable. The burden is on
41 the manufacturer or distributor to prove reasonableness by a preponderance of the evidence;

(8) Prospectively assent to a waiver of trial by jury release, arbitration, assignment, novation, waiver, or estoppel which would relieve any person from liability imposed by this article or require any controversy between a dealer and a manufacturer or distributor to be referred to a person other than the duly constituted courts of this state or the United States District Courts of the Northern or Southern Districts of West Virginia. Nothing in this article prevents a dealer, after a civil action is filed, from entering into any agreement of settlement, arbitration, assignment, or waiver of a trial by jury;

49 (9) Coerce or require any dealer, whether by agreement, program, incentive provision, or 50 otherwise, to construct improvements to its facilities or to install new signs, or other franchisor 51 image elements that replace or substantially alter those improvements, signs, or franchisor image 52 elements completed within the preceding 15 years that were required and approved by the 53 manufacturer, factory branch, distributor or distributor branch, or one of its affiliates. If a 54 manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch offers incentives or other payments 55 to a retail buyer, lessee, or dealer paid on individual new motor vehicle sales or leases under a 56 program offered after the effective date of this subdivision that are available to more than one 57 dealer in the state that are premised, wholly or in part, on dealer facility improvements or 58 installation of franchiser image elements required by and approved by the manufacturer, factory

59 branch, distributor, or distributor branch, and completed within 15 years preceding the program, 60 the dealer is determined to be in compliance with the program requirements pertaining to 61 construction of facilities or installation of signs or other franchisor image elements that would 62 replace or substantially alter those previously constructed or installed within that 15-year period: 63 Provided, That the provisions of this subdivision apply to any dealer who obtains ownership, either 64 through a stock purchase, asset purchase or other means, of a new motor vehicle dealership 65 which has met the requirements of this subdivision within the 15-year period set forth in this 66 subdivision, unless the dealer selling the new motor vehicle dealership has signed an agreement 67 with the manufacturer agreeing to dealer facility improvements or the installation of franchiser 68 image elements prior to an agreement to transfer ownership to a subsequent dealer. This 69 subdivision shall not apply to a program that is in effect with more than one dealer in the state on 70 the effective date of this subsection, nor to any renewal of the program, nor to a modification that 71 is not a modification of a material term or condition of the program;

(10) Condition the award, sale, transfer, relocation, or renewal of a dealer agreement, or to condition sales, service, parts, or finance incentives upon site control or an agreement to renovate or make substantial improvements to a facility: *Provided*, That voluntary and noncoerced acceptance of such conditions by the dealer in writing, including, but not limited to, a written agreement for which the dealer has accepted separate and valuable consideration, does not constitute a violation;

(11) Enter into a contractual requirement imposed by the manufacturer, distributor, or a
 captive finance source as follows:

(A) In this section, "captive finance source" means any financial source that provides
automotive-related loans or purchases retail installment contracts or lease contracts for motor
vehicles in this state and is, directly or indirectly, owned, operated, or controlled by the
manufacturer, factory branch, distributor or distributor branch.

(B) It is unlawful for any manufacturer, factory branch, captive finance source, distributor 84 or distributor branch, or any field representative, officer, agent, or any representative of them. 85 notwithstanding the terms, provisions, or conditions of any dealer agreement, to require any of its 86 dealers located in this state to agree to any terms, conditions, or requirements in subdivisions (1) 87 through (10), inclusive, of this subsection in order for the dealer to sell to any captive finance 88 source any retail installment contract, loan, or lease of any new motor vehicles purchased or 89 90 leased by any of the dealer's customers, or to be able to participate in, or otherwise, directly or 91 indirectly, obtain the benefits of the retail buyer or lessee transaction incentive program payable to the retail buyer, lessee, or the dealer and offered by or through any captive finance source as 92 93 to that incentive program.

94 (C) The applicability of this section is not affected by a choice of law clause in any 95 agreement, waiver, novation, or any other written instrument.

96 (D) It is unlawful for a manufacturer or distributor to use any subsidiary corporation, 97 affiliated corporation, or any other controlled corporation, partnership, association, or person to 98 accomplish what would otherwise be illegal conduct under this section on the part of the 99 manufacturer or distributor; or

(12) Agree to any term or provision in the dealer agreement which gives a manufacturer or distributor the right to unilaterally amend the dealer agreement governing the operation and business of a dealer, including, but not limited to, the purchase, sale, lease, or service of new motor vehicles except as provided for in this article. That term or provision is considered null and void. Any amendment to a dealer agreement governing the purchase, sale, lease, or service of new motor vehicles must be agreed upon by both the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch and the dealer at the time the dealer agreement is amended.

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7 (b) A manufacturer or distributor may not do any of the following:

(1) Fail to deliver new motor vehicles or new motor vehicle parts or accessories within a
 reasonable time and in reasonable quantities relative to the dealer's market area and facilities,

unless the failure is caused by acts or occurrences beyond the control of the manufacturer or distributor, or unless the failure results from an order by the dealer in excess of quantities reasonably and fairly allocated by the manufacturer or distributor. A manufacturer or distributor may not penalize a dealer for an alleged failure to meet sales quotas where the alleged failure is due to actions of the manufacturer or distributor;

115 (2) Refuse to offer to its same line-make dealers all models manufactured for that line-116 make, including, but not limited to, any model that contains a separate label or badge indicating 117 an upgraded version of the same model regardless of the new motor vehicle's means of 118 propulsion: Provided, That the dealer meets any reasonable sales, warranty service repair, and 119 recall standards established by the manufacturer or distributor. This prohibition includes a new 120 line make established by a manufacturer with a dealer agreement in this state, or a subsidiary 121 thereof, or a company affiliated through ownership of the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, 122 or distributor branch of at least 25 percent of the equity of the company. This provision does not 123 apply to motorhome, travel trailer, or fold-down camping trailer manufacturers:

(3) Require as a prerequisite to receiving a model or series of new motor vehicles, that a
dealer pay an extra unreasonable acquisition fee or surcharge, or purchase unreasonable
advertising displays or other materials, or conduct unreasonable facility or image remodeling,
renovation, or reconditioning of the dealer's facilities, or any other type of unreasonable upgrade
requirement;

(4) Use new motor vehicles in transit but not yet in the dealer's physical possession inany sales effective or efficiency formula to the detriment of the dealer;

(5) Refuse to disclose to a dealer the method and manner of distribution of new motor
vehicles by the manufacturer or distributor, including any numerical calculation or formula used,
nationally or within the dealer's market, to make the allocations within 30 days of a request. Any
information or documentation provided by the manufacturer may be subject to a reasonable
confidentiality agreement;

(6) Refuse to disclose to a dealer the total number of new motor vehicles of a given model,
which the manufacturer or distributor has sold during the current model year within the dealer's
marketing district, zone, or region, whichever geographical area is the smallest within 30 days of
a request;

140 (7) Increase prices of new motor vehicles which the dealer had ordered and then 141 eventually delivered to the same retail buyer or lessee for whom the vehicle was ordered if the 142 order was made prior to the dealer's receipt of the written official price increase notification. A 143 sales contract signed by a private retail consumer and binding on the dealer which has been 144 submitted to the vehicle manufacturer is evidence of each order. In the event of manufacturer or 145 distributor price reductions or cash rebates, the amount of any reduction or rebate received by a 146 dealer shall be passed on to the private retail buyer or lessee by the dealer. Any price reduction 147 in excess of \$5 shall apply to all new motor vehicles in the dealer's inventory which were subject 148 to the price reduction. A price difference applicable to new model or series motor vehicles at the 149 time of the introduction of the new models or the series is not a price increase or price decrease. 150 This subdivision does not apply to price changes caused by the following:

151 (A) The addition to a motor vehicle of required or optional equipment pursuant to state or152 federal law;

(B) In the case of foreign-made vehicles or components, revaluation of the United Statesdollar; or

(C) Any increase in transportation charges due to an increase in rates charged by acommon carrier and transporters;

(8) Offer any refunds or other types of inducements to any dealer for the purchase of new
motor vehicles of a certain line-make to be sold to this state or any political subdivision of this
state without making the same offer available upon request to all other new motor vehicle dealers
of the same line-make;

(9) Release to an outside party, except under subpoena or in an administrative or judicial
proceeding to which the dealer or the manufacturer or distributor are parties, any business,
financial, or personal information which has been provided by the dealer to the manufacturer or
distributor, unless the dealer gives his or her written consent;

165 (10) Deny a dealer the right to associate with another dealer for any lawful purpose;

(11) Establish, operate, or engage in the business of a new motor vehicle dealership. A
 manufacturer or distributor is not considered to have established, operated, or engaged in the
 business of a new motor vehicle dealership if the manufacturer or distributor is:

169 (A) Operating a preexisting dealership temporarily for a reasonable period;

170 (B) Operating a preexisting dealership which is for sale at a reasonable price; or

(C) Operating a dealership with another person who has made a significant investment in
the dealership and who will acquire full ownership of the dealership under reasonable terms and
conditions;

174 (12) A manufacturer may not, except as provided by this section, directly or indirectly:

175 (A) Own an interest in a dealer or dealership: *Provided*, That a manufacturer may own
176 stock in a publicly held company solely for investment purposes;

(B) Operate a new or used motor vehicle dealership, including, but not limited to,
displaying a motor vehicle intended to facilitate the sale of new motor vehicles other than through
dealers, unless the display is part of an automobile trade show that more than two motor vehicle
manufacturers participate in; or

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(C) Act in the capacity of a new motor vehicle dealer;

(13) A manufacturer or distributor may own an interest in a dealer, or otherwise control a
dealership, for a period not to exceed 12 months from the date the manufacturer or distributor
acquires the dealership if:

(A) The person from whom the manufacturer or distributor acquired the dealership was adealer; and

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(B) The dealership is for sale by the manufacturer or distributor at a reasonable price and on reasonable terms and conditions;

(14) The 12-month period may be extended for an additional 12 months. Notice of any extension of the original 12-month period must be given to any dealer of the same line-make whose dealership is located in the same county, or within 20 air miles of, the dealership owned or controlled by the manufacturer or distributor prior to the expiration of the original 12-month period. Any dealer receiving the notice may protest the proposed extension within 30 days of receiving notice by bringing a declaratory judgment action in the circuit court for the county in which the dealer is located to determine whether good cause exists for the extension;

(15) For the purpose of broadening the diversity of its dealer body and enhancing opportunities for qualified persons who are part of a group who have historically been under represented in its dealer body, or other qualified persons who lack the resources to purchase a dealership outright, but for no other purpose, a manufacturer or distributor may temporarily own an interest in a dealership if the manufacturer's or distributor's participation in the dealership is in a bona fide relationship with a dealer who:

202 (A) Has made a significant investment in the dealership, subject to loss;

203 (B) Has an ownership interest in the dealership; and

204 (C) Operates the dealership under a plan to acquire full ownership of the dealership within
 205 a reasonable time and under reasonable terms and conditions:

(16) Unreasonably withhold consent to the sale, transfer, or exchange of the dealership to
a qualified buyer capable of being licensed as a new motor vehicle dealer in this state;

(17) Fail to respond in writing to a request for consent to a sale, transfer, or exchange of
a dealership within 60 days after receipt of a written application from the dealer on the forms
generally used by the manufacturer or distributor for that purpose and containing the information
required in the application. Failure to respond to the request within the 60 days is consent;

(18) Unfairly prevent a dealer from receiving reasonable compensation for the value ofthe new motor vehicle dealership;

214 (19) Audit any dealer in this state for warranty parts or warranty service compensation, 215 service compensation, service or sales incentives, manufacturer rebates, or other forms of sales 216 incentive compensation more than 12 months after the claim for payment or reimbursement has 217 been made by the dealer. A charge back may not be made until the dealer has had notice and an 218 opportunity to support the claim in question within 30 days of receiving notice of the charge back. 219 An otherwise valid reimbursement claim may not be denied once properly submitted in 220 accordance with material and reasonable manufacturer guidelines unless the factory can show 221 that the claim was false or fraudulent, or that the dealer failed to reasonably substantiate the claim 222 consistent with the manufacturer's written, reasonable, and material guidelines. This subsection 223 does not apply where a claim is fraudulent. In addition, the manufacturer or distributor is 224 responsible for reimbursing the audited dealer for all documented copying, postage, and 225 administrative and personnel costs reasonably incurred by the dealer during the audit. Any 226 charges to a dealer as a result of the audit shall be separately billed to the dealer;

(20) Restrict or attempt to restrict a dealer's ownership of a dealership through
 noncompetition covenants, site control, sublease, collateral pledge of lease, right of first refusal,
 or option to purchase;

(21) Except for experimental low-volume not-for-retail sale vehicles, cause warranty and
 recall repair work to be performed by any entity other than a dealer;

(22) Make any material or unreasonable change to the dealer's area of responsibility without giving the dealer written notice, by certified mail of the change at least 60 days prior to the effective date of the change which shall include an explanation of the basis for the alteration. Upon written request from the dealer, this explanation shall include, but is not limited to, a reasonable and commercially acceptable copy of all information, data, evaluations, and methodology relied on or based its decision on, to propose the change to the dealer's area of

238 responsibility. Any information or documentation provided by the manufacturer or distributor may 239 be produced subject to a reasonable confidentiality agreement. At any time prior to the effective 240 date of an alteration of a dealer's area of responsibility, and after the completion of any internal 241 appeal process pursuant to the manufacturer's or distributor's policy manual, the dealer may 242 petition the court to enjoin or prohibit the alteration within 30 days of receipt of the manufacturer's 243 internal appeal process decision. The court shall enjoin or prohibit the alteration of a dealer's area 244 of responsibility unless the manufacturer shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the alteration is reasonable and justifiable in light of market conditions. If a motor vehicle dealer 245 246 petitions the court, an alteration to a dealer's area of responsibility shall not become effective until 247 a final determination by the court. If a dealer's area of responsibility is altered, the manufacturer 248 shall allow 24 months for the dealer to become sales effective prior to taking any action claiming 249 a breach or nonperformance of the dealer's sales performance responsibilities;

(23) Fail to reimburse a dealer, at the dealer's regular rate, or the full and actual cost of
providing a loaner vehicle to any retail buyer or lessee who is having a motor vehicle serviced at
the dealership if the provision of the loaner motor vehicle is required by the manufacturer;

(24) Compel a dealer, through its finance subsidiaries, to agree to unreasonable operating requirements, or to directly or indirectly terminate a dealer agreement through the actions of a finance subsidiary of the manufacturer. This subsection does not limit the right of a finance subsidiary to engage in business practices in accordance with the usage of trade in retail or wholesale vehicle financing;

(25) Discriminate directly or indirectly between dealers on vehicles of like grade, line,
 model, or quantity where the effect of the discrimination would substantially lessen competition;

(26) Use or employ any performance standard that is not fair and reasonable and basedupon accurate and verifiable data made available to the dealer; or

(27) Require or coerce any dealer to sell, offer to sell, or sell exclusively an extended
service contract, maintenance plan, or similar product, including gap or other products offered,
endorsed, or sponsored by the manufacturer or distributor by the following means:

265 (A) By an act of statement that the manufacturer or distributor will adversely impact the 266 dealer, whether it is express or implied;

(B) By a contract made to the dealer on the condition that the dealer sells, offers to sell,
or sells exclusively an extended service contract, extended maintenance plan, or similar product
offered, endorsed, or sponsored by the manufacturer or distributor;

(C) By measuring the dealer's performance under the dealer agreement based on the
sale of extended service contracts, extended maintenance plans, or similar products offered,
endorsed, or sponsored by the manufacturer or distributor;

(D) By requiring the dealer to actively promote the sale of extended service contracts, extended maintenance plans, or similar products offered, endorsed, or sponsored by the manufacturer or distributor: *Provided*, That nothing in this paragraph prohibits a manufacturer or distributor from providing incentive programs to a dealer who makes the voluntary decision to offer to sell, sell, or sell exclusively an extended service contract, extended maintenance plan, or similar product offered, endorsed, or sponsored by the manufacturer or distributor;

(E) By requiring a dealer to purchase goods or services from a vendor selected, identified, 279 or designated by a manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, distributor branch, or one of its 280 affiliates by agreement, program, incentive provision, or otherwise without making available to the 281 dealer the option to obtain the goods or services of substantially similar quality and overall design 282 from a vendor chosen by the dealer and approved by the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, 283 or distributor branch: Provided, That the approval may not be unreasonably withheld: Provided, 284 however, That the dealer's option to select a vendor is not available if the manufacturer or 285 distributor provides substantial reimbursement for the goods or services offered. Substantial 286 reimbursement is equal to the difference in price of the goods and services from manufacturer's 287

proposed vendor and the dealer's selected vendor: *Provided further*, That the goods are not subject to the manufacturer or distributor's intellectual property or trademark rights, or trade dress usage guidelines.

(c) A manufacturer or distributor, either directly or through any subsidiary, may not
 terminate, cancel, fail to renew, or discontinue any lease of the dealer's established place of
 business except for a material breach of the lease.

(d) Except as may otherwise be provided in this article, a manufacturer may not directly or indirectly, sell, lease, exchange, or convey a new motor vehicle to a retail, buyer or lessee offer for retail sale, lease, exchange, or other conveyance a new motor vehicle; or directly finance the retail sale, lease, exchange, or other conveyance of a new motor vehicle to a retail buyer or lessee in this state, except through a dealer holding a franchise for the line-make covering the new motor vehicle. This subsection does not apply to manufacturer sales of new motor vehicles to charitable organizations, gualified vendors, or employees of the manufacturer.

(e) Except when prevented by an act of God, labor strike, transportation disruption outside the control of the manufacturer, or time of war, a manufacturer or distributor may not refuse or fail to deliver, in reasonable quantities and within a reasonable time, to a dealer having a dealer agreement for the retail sale of any new motor vehicle sold or distributed by the manufacturer, any new motor vehicle or parts or accessories to new motor vehicles that are covered by the dealer agreement if the vehicles, parts, and accessories are publicly advertised as being available for delivery or are actually being delivered.

308 (f) It is unlawful for any manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch, 309 when providing a new motor vehicle to a dealer for offer, sale, or lease in this state to the public, 310 to fail to provide to the dealer a written disclosure that may be provided to a potential retail buyer 311 or lessee of the new motor vehicle of each accessory or function of the motor vehicle that may be 312 initiated, updated, changed, or maintained by the manufacturer or distributor through over the air 313 or remote means, and the charge to the retail buyer or lessee for the initiation, update change, or

maintenance that is known at the time of sale. A manufacturer or distributor may comply with this subdivision by notifying the dealer that the information is available on a website or by other digital means. (g) A manufacturer or distributor shall not attempt to coerce, threaten, or take any act prejudicial against a new motor vehicle dealer arising from the retail price at which a dealer sells a new motor vehicle.

(h) Notwithstanding the terms of any dealer agreement, or the terms of any program or policy, a manufacturer or distributor may not do any of the following if it has a dealer agreement with any dealer in this state and if the manufacturer or distributor permits retail customers the option of reserving the purchase or lease of a vehicle through a manufacturer or distributor reservation system:

324 (1) Fail to assign any retail vehicle reservation, or request to purchase, or lease received 325 by the manufacturer or distributor from a resident of this state to the dealer authorized to sell that 326 make and model which is designated by the retail buyer or lessee, or if none is designated, to its 327 dealer authorized to sell that make and model located in closest proximity to the retail buyer or 328 lessee's location: Provided, That if the retail buyer or lessee does not purchase or lease the 329 vehicle from that dealer within 10 days of the new motor vehicle being received by the dealer, or 330 if the retail buyer or lessee requests that the transaction be assigned to another dealer, then the 331 manufacturer or distributor may assign the transaction to another dealer authorized to sell that 332 make and model;

(2) Prohibit or interfere with a dealer negotiating the final purchase price of the new motor
 vehicle with a retail buyer or lessee that has reserved the purchase or lease through a
 manufacturer or distributor reservation system;

(3) Prohibit or interfere with a dealer offering and negotiating directly with the customer
retail buyer or lessee the terms of vehicle financing or leasing through all sources available to the
dealer for the retail buyer or lessee that has reserved the purchase or lease of a new motor vehicle
through a manufacturer or distributor reservation system;

(4) Prohibit or interfere with a dealer's ability to offer to sell or sell any service contract,
extended warranty, vehicle maintenance contract, or guaranteed asset protection agreement, or
any other vehicle-related products and services offered by the dealer with a retail buyer or lessee
that has reserved to purchase or lease through a manufacturer or distributor reservation system: *Provided*, That a manufacturer, distributor, or captive finance source shall not be required to
finance the product or service;

(5) Prohibit or interfere with a dealer directly negotiating the trade-in value the retail buyer
or lessee will receive, or prohibit the dealer from conducting an on-site inspection of the condition
of a trade-in vehicle before the dealer becomes contractually obligated to accept the trade-in value
negotiated with a retail buyer or lessee that has reserved to purchase or lease a new motor vehicle
through the manufacturer or distributor reservation system;

351 (6) Use a third party to accomplish what would otherwise be prohibited by this subdivision;
352 (7) Nothing contained in this subdivision shall:

353 (A) Require that a manufacturer or distributor allocate or supply additional or 354 supplemental inventory to a dealer located in this state in order to satisfy a retail buyer or lessee's 355 vehicle reservation or request submitted directly to the manufacturer or distributor as provided in 356 this section;

(B) Apply to the generation of sales leads: *Provided*, That for purposes of this subdivision,
the term "sales leads" shall not include any reservation or request to purchase or lease a vehicle
submitted directly by a retail buyer or lessee or a potential retail buyer or lessee to a manufacturer
or distributor reservation system; or

361 (C) Apply to a reservation or request to purchase or lease a new motor vehicle through 362 the manufacturer or distributor received from the retail buyer or lessee that is a resident of this 363 state if the retail buyer or lessee designates a dealer outside of this state to be assigned the 364 reservation or request to purchase or lease or if the dealer in closest proximity to the retail buyer

or lessee's location is in another state and the manufacturer or distributor assigns the reservation
 or request to purchase or lease to that dealer.

(i) Notwithstanding the terms of any dealer agreement, or the terms of any manufacturer
or distributor program or policy, a manufacturer or distributor may not, if it has a dealer agreement
with any dealer in this state, offer new motor vehicles through a subscription directly to a retail
buyer or lessee. However, this subsection is not intended to prevent a manufacturer or distributor
from providing or offering new motor vehicles through a subscription program through a dealer
for sale or lease to a retail buyer or lessee.

(j) Notwithstanding the terms of any dealer agreement, or the terms of any manufacturer or distributor program or policy, a manufacturer or distributor may not, if it has a dealer agreement with any dealer in this state, offer direct financing for the purchase, lease, or other conveyance of a new motor vehicle to a retail buyer or lessee. However, this subsection is not intended to prevent a manufacturer or distributor from providing or offering a financing program through a dealer which is available for retail buyers or lessees.

(k) A manufacturer may not coerce or require any dealer, whether by agreement, program,
incentive provision, or provision for loss of incentive payments or other benefits, to amend its
dealer agreement or to establish a dealer agreement under which the manufacturer:

(1) Maintains a website or other electronic or digital means of communication for negotiating prices or other binding terms of sale or lease of new motor vehicles directly with retail buyers or lessees, including, but not limited to, agreements between the manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or distributor branch on prices or other substantive terms for the sale or leasing of new motor vehicles directly with retail buyers or lessees;

387 (2) Retains ownership of new motor vehicles until they are sold or leased to retail buyers
 388 or lessees; except that, a manufacturer or distributor may maintain a common supply of new motor
 389 vehicles to which it retains ownership until the new motor vehicles are sold to dealers pursuant to
 390 the manufacturer or distributor's allocation policies and procedures, and may maintain a common

391 supply of new motor vehicles from which a dealer may buy vehicles for the dealer's inventory 392 without having reached agreement for sale or lease of any new motor vehicle with a retail buyer 393 or lessee if the manufacturer, factory branch, or distributor, or distributor branch does not 394 otherwise allow its dealers to obtain stock inventory through the new motor vehicle allocation 395 process and pursuant to the manufacturer or distributor's allocation policies and procedures;

396 (3) Consigns new motor vehicles to dealers for dealer inventory or for sale to a retail buyer397 or lessee;

398 (4) Reserves the right to negotiate binding terms of sale or lease directly with retail buyers399 or lessees of new motor vehicles; or

400 (5) Designates dealers to be only delivery agents for new motor vehicles, for which the
401 binding terms of sale or lease are negotiated directly between the manufacturer and the retail
402 buyer or lessee of the new motor vehicle.

#### §17A-6A-18. West Virginia law to apply.

Notwithstanding the terms, provisions, or requirements of any dealer agreement, contract, or other agreement of any kind between a dealer and a manufacturer or distributor captive finance source, dealer data systems vendor, or any subsidiary, affiliate, or partner of a manufacturer or distributor, or captive finance source or dealer data systems vendor, the provisions of this code apply to all such agreements and contracts listed in this section or governed by this article. Any provisions in the agreements and contracts which violate the terms of this section are null and void.

The Clerk of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Delegates hereby certify that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Clerk of the Senate

1110

Clerk of the House of Delegates

Originated in the Senate.

In effect 90 days from passage.

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House of Delegates

2024 MAR

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The within is ..... ..... 2024. Day of ..... Governor

### PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

MAR 12 2024

Time\_\_\_\_\_\_3.48pm

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